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Callopistria latreillei (DUPONCHEL, 1827) new for Ukraine fauna and several rare species of noctuid moths (Lepidoptera, Noctuidae)

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ABSTRACT. The study presents the first localities of *Callopistria latreillei* (DUP.), a new species for Ukraine fauna. The species was found in the Zakarpatie in south-western Ukraine. Also the localities for 2 rare noctuid moths species for Ukrainie are given. That was the first time those species were reported from Zakarpatie.

KEY WORDS: Lepidoptera, Noctuidae, faunistics, new records, Ukraine.

The genus *Callopistria* HÜBNER, [1821], includes about 120 species (POOLE 1989), out of which 26 species occur in the Palearctic. Only 2 species of the genus have been found in Europe so far (FIBIGER & HACKER 2007), and one of them has been reported from Ukraine (KLJUCHKO 2006).

During field study of noctuid moths in south-western Ukraine in Zakarpatie *Callopistria latreillei* (DUPONCHEL, 1827) was first reported from Ukraine (Fig. 1).

- Ukraine, Zakarpatie, Vynohradiv: in two localities on the slopes of Chorna Hora: 28 July 2009, 1 ex. was caught on light in dry sward of forest-steppe nature on the southern slope of Chorna Hora; 16 September 2009, 1 ex. caught on light in dry rock sward with xerothermic shrubbery on the eastern slope of Chorna Hora (Fig. 2).

The distribution of the species is Palaeo-tropical. The species inhabits xerothermic habitats of steppe, forest-steppe or xerothermic, not too dense shrubbery nature. In Europe

it occurs in all the Mediterranean and Balkan Peninsula countries: Albania, Austria, Bulgaria, Bosnia, Croatia, France, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Macedonia, Portugal, Romania, Spain, Serbia and Slovenia, it was also reported from Mediterranean islands: Corsica, Crete, Sardinia and Sicily (FIBIGER & HACKER 2007, NOWACKI & FIBIGER, 1996). Outside Europe it was reported from the Canary Islands, north Africa, Anatolia and south-western Asia in steppe regions as far as Iran, Afghanistan and Turkistan.

In central Europe *C. latreillei* has been reported only from its southern part, namely Austria (HUEMER & TARMAN 1993), Romania (RAKOSY 1997) and Hungary (VARGA et al. 2005) in isolated localities of xerothermic nature, most often dry and warm rock swards, warm, sparse oak forest of forest-steppe nature. The larvae of the species infest the plants of: *Ceterach* spp., *Cochlearia* spp., *Pteridium* spp.. Adults appear in two or three generations from V to IX (FIBIGER & HACKER 2007, RAKOSY 1997, NOWACKI 1998).



Fig. 1. Callopistria latreillei (Dup.) – Ukraine, Zakarpatie, Vynohradiv, 16 September 2009, leg. J. NOWACKI & K. PAŁKA.



Fig. 2. Rock sward and xerothermic shrubberies on the slope of Chorna Hora as a habitat of *C. latreillei* (DUP.) development.

Along with *C. latreillei* two other interesting species were found in the same localities:

Calymma communimacula (DEN. et SCHIFF.)

Chorna Hora ad Vynohradiv, 28 VII 2009, 3 exx. caught on light on the southern slope of Chorna Hora in xerothermic sward of forest-steppe nature.

A Ponto-Mediterranean species occurring locally on single sites mainly in eastern, southern and central Ukraine (KLYUCHKO et al. 2001). New for Zakarpatie.

Episema glaucina (ESP.)

Chorna Hora ad Vynohradiv, 16 IX 2009, 2 exx. caught on light on the eastern slope of Chorna Hora in rock sward and xerothermic shrubberies.

A Holo-Mediterranean- Turkestanian species occurring in single localities mainly on the Crimea and eastern Ukraine (KLYUCHKO et al. 2001). New for Zakarpatie.

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